Five copies of the DAILY, for .. Five copies of the SEMI-WEEKLY.

VOLUME XIII.

Ten copies of the deduction for clubs on WEEKLY.

## The Organization of the Executive Departments of the Government of the United States:

and one florarian.

Jelenatic Brench.—This branch of the State Department and other disalts agonts of the United States abreaut and those of foreign powered the following the Brench and those of foreign powered the total sporenument. In it all ophomatic instructions from the department, and communications to commissioners unresites of boundaries, &c., are propared, copied, and recorded; and filled character received are registered and filled, their contents first entered in an analytic table.

Consular Branch. This branch has charge of the correspondence, be, between the department and the councils and commercial agents of the United States. In it instructions to these officers, and answers their department and the consuls and commercial agents of the United States. In it instructions to these officers, and answers their departments asking for consular agency, or relating to consular affairs, are prepared and recorded. The Disburing Agent. He has charge of all correspondence, and ther matters connected with accounts relating to any fund with the isbursement of which the department is charged.

The Translator.—His duties are to furnish such translations as the epartment may require. He also records the commissions of consular vice consuls, when not in English, upon which exequators are recorded.

seved.

Circk of Appointments and Commissions.—He makes out and records commissions, letters of appointment, and nominations to the Senate; makes out and records exequators, and records, when in English, the commissions on which they are issued. Has charge of the fibrary.

Clerk of the Rolls and Archives.—He takes charge of the rolls, or enrolled acts and resolutions of Congress, as they are received at the department from the Proclient; prepares the authenticated copies thorsef which are called for; prepares for, and superintends, their publication, and that of treaties, in the newspapers and in book form; attends to their distribution throughout the United States, and that of all documents and publications in regard to which this duty is assigned to the department; writing and answering all letters connected therewith. Has charge of all fadian treatice, and business relating thereto.

Clark is Authentication and Commister—He has charge of the

of the government.

5. The conduct and argument of all writs in the Supreme Court of the Enised States in which the government is concerned.

6. The supervision of all other suits arising in any of the department when referred by the head thereof to the Attorney General. To these ordinary heads of the business of the office are added at the present time the following, viz:

First. The direction of all appeals on land claims in California.

Scoond. The conditionation and revision of the laws of the District of

Secretary of the Department of the Interier, Hon. Jacob Thompson, of the State of Misslssippi. Its clerical force consists of one clifer clerk, (Moses Kelly, esq.,) two disbursing clerks, and ten other regular clerks, and to its supervision and management are committed the following branches of the public nervice:

1s. The Public Lands. The chief of this bureau is called the Commissioner of the General Land Office. The Land Bureau is charged with the survey, management, and sale of the public domain, and the issuing of titles therefor, whether derived from confirmations of grants for achoeis, military bounders or public improvements, and likewise the revision of Virginia military bounders or public dimens, decounts. The processes to commissioner is floor, T. A. Hendricks, of Indiana. Its principal officers are a recorder, chief clerk, principal clerk of surveys, besides a draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, and some 150 clerks of various grades.

centry passed, the Secretary of the Interior is charged with the construction of the three wagon roads leading to the Pacinic coast.

The department requires an additional beliading for its accommodation, and the erection of one has been repeatedly recommended during the last few years for that purpose. At present the Pension Office is previded with rooms in what is known as "Winder's Building," while the other branches of the department, including "he Secretary's office, are all crowded into the Patent Office building, the whole of which will be required at an early day for the use of the Patent Office, for which it was originally intended.

The Treasury Department consists of the offices of the Secretary of the Treasury, two comptrollers, commissioner of the customs, six au-ditors, treasurer, register, solicitor, light-house board, and coast sur-

ditors, treasurer, register, solicitor, light-house board, and coast survey.

The following is a brief indication of the duties of these several offices, and of the force employed therein, respectively:

Scordary's Office—Hon. Howell Cubb, Scoretary of the Treasury; Hon. Philip Clayton, Assistant Scoretary; one engineer in charge; one architect, and three draughtemen temporarily employed, and twenty-bree clerks. The Scoretary of the Treasury is charged with the general supervision of the feed transactions of the government, and of the execution of the laws concerning the commerce and navigation of the Luited States. He superintends the survey of the coast, the light-house establishment, the marine locutions of the located States, and the construction of certain public buildings for custom-houses and other purposes.

Pores.

Pirst Compredict's Office.—Hon. William Medill, Comptroller, and fifteen clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering accounts for the civil and diplomatic service, as well as the public lands, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

Second Compredict's Office.—John M. Brudhead, e.g., Comptroller, and seventeen clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering the accounts of the army, navy, and Indian departments of the public service, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

public service, and revises and certifies the balances aroung intercon.

Office of Commissioner of the Customs—Hugh J. Anderson, esq.

Commissioner, and claven clerks. He prescribes the mode of keepin and rendering the accounts of the customs revenue and disbursments, and for the building and repairing castom-houses, &c., and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

First Auditor's Office.—Thomas L. Smith, esq., First Auditor, and nineteen clerks. He receives and adjusts the accounts of the customs revenue and disbursements, appropriations and expenditures on account of the civil list and under private acts of Congress, and reports the balances to the Commissioner of the Customs and the First Computation, and the First Computation for the Commissioner of the Customs and the First Computation, and the First Computation for Challenge and Commissioner of the Customs and the First Computation for Challenge and Challenge a

the balances to the Commissioner of the Customs and the First Comptroller, respectively, for their decision thereon.

Second Auditor's Office.—Thomas J. D. Fuller, Second Auditor, and twenty-one clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts relating to the pay, clothing, and recruiting of the army, as well as armories, areasis, and orthance, and all accounts relating to the Indian department, and reports the balances to the Second Comptroller for his decision than the second comptroller for his decision that the second comptroller for his decision than the

Third Auditor's Office - Robert J. Atkinson, esq., Third Auditor, and raire duddor's Office—Robert J. Alkinson, etc., Third Auditor, and eventy-clipt clorks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for substances of the army, fortifications, Military Academy, military reads, and the Quartermaster's department, as well as for pensions, claims arising from military services previous to 1816, and for herees and other property lost in the military service, under various acts of Congress, and reports the balances to the Second Compression thereon.

soon increase.

Fourth Auditor's Office.—Laron O. Dayton, e.g., Fourth Auditor, and lateen clerks: He receives and adjusts all accounts for the service of be Navy Department and reports the balances to the Second Comproller for his decision thereon.

Fifth Auditor's Office.—Murray McConnel, esq., Fifth Auditor, and six clerks. He receives and adjusts all accounts for diplomatic and similar services performed under the direction of the State Department, and reports the balances to the First Comptroller for his decision thereon.

thereon.

Siel Andico's Office.—William F. Phillips, esq., anditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, and one hundred and fourteen learns, and the Post Office Department, and one hundred and fourteen learns. For convex and adjusts all accounts arising from the service of the Post Office Department. His decisions are final, unless an appeal be taken in twelve months to the First Computations, and all pessalties and forfeitures imposed on postmasters and mail contractors for failing to do their duty: he directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and takes all such measures as may be at their and the pessalties and forfeitures imposed on postmasters and mail contractors for failing to do their duty: he directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and takes all such measures as may be at their and the proceedings of the same for the department; instructing United States afterneys, marshals, and elerks and legal proceedings of the same for the fail that of the Cuitod States courts of the condition and progress of such suits and legal proceedings; in the charge of all lands and other property and legal proceedings, is the charge of all lands and other property and legal proceedings, is the charge of all lands and other property and legal proceedings, is the charge of all lands and other property and legal proceedings, is the charge of all lands and other property and legal proceedings, is the charge of all lands and other property and lands are consistent and legal proceedings. The contract of the Casted States is payment of debts due the Post Office.—Col. B. F. Larned, paymaster general; Major T. J. Leelle, district paymaster; eight clerks and one messen-ger.

# The Washington Anion.

"LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION."

CITY OF WASHINGTON, WENDESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1857.

Treaturer's Office.—Samuel Casey, caq., Treasurer, and thirteen lorks. He receives and keeps the moneys of the United States in his sown office, and that of the deptsifories created by the act of the 6th of luguest, 1846, and pays out the same upon warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, countersigned by the First Comptroller, and you warrants drawn by the Fortinzater General, and countersigned by the Stxth Auditor, and recorded by the Register. He also holds public moneys advanced by warrant to disbursing officers, and jays at the same upon their checks.

Register's Office.—Finley Bigger, Register, and twenty-nine clerks, le keeps the accounts of public receipts and expenditures; receives the returns and makes out the official statement of commerce and expenditure of the United States; and receives from the First Comptroller and Commissioners of Custoins all accounts and vouchers decided by teem, and is charged by law with their ante-keeping.

them, and is charged by law with their and skeeping.

Solicitor's Office.—Francis B. Streeter, e.s., Solicitor, and six clerks.

He superintesuts all civil suits commenced by the United States, except those or ising in the Post Office Department, and instructs the United States attorneys, marshals, and clerks in all matters relating to them and their results. He receives returns from each term of the United States courts, showing the progress and condition of such suits; has charge of all lands and other property assigned to the United States in payment of debts, (except these surgined in symment of debts, (except these surgined in symment of debts, (except these surgined in symment of debts, the states of the surgined of debts are the Post Office Department,) and has power to sell and dispose of the same for the benefit of the United States.

the same for the benefit of the Urited States.

Light House Beard.—Hen. Howell Cohb, Secretary of the Treasury, exeflicio, presidenty Com. W. B. Shubrick, United States navy, chairman; Gen. J. G. Totten, Entited States army; Capt. A. A. Rumphreys, Utiled States army; Prof. A. D. Bacbe, Superintendent of Coast Survey; Prof. Joseph Henry, secretary of Smithsonian Institution; Capt. Samuel Barron, United States army; Commander Thornton A. Jenkins, United States army, secretaries; and five eleries. This board directs the building and repairing of light-houses, light-vessels, bnoys, and beacons, contracts for number of all &c.

Dirigets for supplies of oil, &c. United States of A. D. Bache, I.I., D., su-britationdent, and superintendent of weights and measures. Capt. M. L. Smith, topographical engineers, assistant, in charge of the Coast Survey (illin).

des. Assistant J. E. Hilgard, in charge of computing division. Assistant L. F. Pourtales, in charge of tidal division. Licet. J. C. Helball, United States army, in charge of drawing di

Lieut. Saxton, United States army, in charge of engraving divi-

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Agron V. Brown, Pestroaster General. The direction and management of the Post Office Department are assigned by the constitution and laws to the Postmaster General. That its business may be the more conveniently arranged and prepared for his final action, it is distributed among several bureaus, as follows: The Appointment Office, in charge of the First Assistant Postmaster General; the Contract Office, in charge of the Third Assistant Postmaster General; the First Contract Contr

the fespection office, in charge of the obisf clerk.

Appointment Office.—Horatio King, esq., First Assistant Postmaster General, and nineteen clerks. To his office are assigned all questions which relate to the establishment and discontinuance of poet offices, charges of sites and names, appointment and removal of postmasters must route and local agents, as, also, the giving of instructions to postmasters. Postmasters are furnished with marking and rating stamps and letter balances by this bureau, which is charged also with providing blanks and stationery for the use of the department, and with the superintendence of the several agencies established for supplying postmasters with blanks. To this bureau is likewise assigned the supervision of the ocean mail staniship lines, and of the foreign and international postal arrangements.

pervision of the ocean mail strainabily lines, and of the foreign and international postal arrangements.

Contract Office.—William H. Dundas, esq., Second Assistant Postmaster General, and twenty-eix clerks. To this office is assigned the business of arranging the mail service of the United States; and placing the same under contract, embracing all correspondence and proteculaga respecting the frequency of trips, mode of conveyance, and times of departures and arrivals on all the routes; the course of the mail between the different sections of the country, the points of mail distribution, and the regulations for the government of the domestic mail service of the United States. It prepares the advertisements for mail proposals, receives the bids, and takes charge of the annual and occasional mail lettings, and the adjustment and execution of the contracts. All applications for the establishment or alteration of mail arrangements, and the appointment of mail messengers, should be sent to this office. All claims should be submitted to it for transportation service not under contract, as the recognition of said service is first to be obtained through the Contract Office as a necessary authority for the proper credits at the Auditor's Office. From this office all postmasters at the ends of routes receive the statement of mail arrangement prescribed for the respective routes. It reports weekly to the Auditor all contracts executed, and all orders affecting accounts for mail transportation; prepares the statistical exhibite of the mail service, and the reports of the mail lettings, giving a statement of each bid; also, of the contracts made, the new service originals; the curialization of the department, not devolved by law upon the Auditor, embracing accounts with the distinct all the statistical exhibits of the mail services, and the reports of the mail and management of the financial business of the department, not devolved by law upon the Auditor, embracing accounts with the draft offices and these under orders. T

of the service of route agents, reports of mail failures, applied for blank registers, and reports of failures, and all complaints a contractors for irregular or imperfect service, should be directed spection Office, Post Office Department."

## NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The Navy Department consists of the Navy Department proper, being the office of the Secretary and of five bureaus attached thereto, viz: Bureau of Navy yards and Decks, Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair, Bureau of Provisions and Ciching, Bureau of Fordance and Hydrography, and the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

The following is a statement of the duties of each of these offices and of the force employed therein:

Secretary of the Navy; Charles V. Welsh, esq., chief clerk, and eleven clerks. The Secretary of the kary has charge of everything connected with the naval establishment, and the occution of all laws relating thereto is intrusted to him, notor the general direction of the President of the United States, who, y the constitution, is commander-la-chief of the army and navy. by the constitution, is commander in-chief of the army and navy. All instructions to commanders of squadrons and commanders of cessels, all orders of officers, commissions of officers both in the navy and marine corps, appointments of commissioned and warrant officers, orders for the culettment and discharge of seamen, emannts from the Secretary's office. All the duties of the different bureaus are performed under the authority of the Secretary, and their orders are considered as emanating from him. The general superintendence of the marine corps forms, also, a part of the duties of the Secretary, and all the orders of the commandant of that corps should be approved by him.

im.

Bureau of Novy-Faret and Deck.—Commodore Jeseph Smith, chief of the bureau, four clerks, one civil engineer, and one draughteman, all the navy yards, decks and wherees, buildings and machinery in navy-yards, and everything immediately connected with them, are under the superintendence of this bureau. It is also charged with the management of the Navai Asylum.

management of the Naval Asylum.

Bureau of Construction, Epitipment, and Repair.—John Lenthall, esq., chief of the hureau, eight clerks, and one draughtsman. The office of the engineer-in-chief of the navy, Ianiel B. Martin, esq., is attached to this bureau, who is assisted by three cassistant engineers. This bureau has charge of the building and repairs of all vessels of war, purchase of materials, and the providing of all vessels of war, purchase of materials, and the providing of all vessels of the their equipments, as sails, anchors, water-tanke, &c. The engineer in-chief superintends the construction of all marins sleam engines for the navy, and, with the approval of the Secretary, decides upon plans for their construction.

Bureru of Provisions and Clothing.—H. Bridge, purser United States avy, chief of bureau, and four clerks. All provisions for the use of navy, chief of bureau, and four clerks. All provisions for the use the navy, and clothing, together with the making of contracts for fu nishing the same, come under the charge of this bureau.

mishing the same, come under the charge of this bureau.

Bureau, of Ordinance and Hydrography.—Capt. Duncan Ingraham, chief of bureau, four clerks, and one draughteman. This bureau has charge of all ordinance and ordinance stores, the manufacture or purchase of cannon, guns, powder, shot, shells, &c., and the equipment of vascels-of-war, with everything connected therewith. It also provides them with maps, charts, chronometers, barometers, &c. to gether with such books as are furnished ships-of-war. "The United States Navai Observatory and Hydrographical Office" at Washington, and the Navai Academy at Annapolis, are also under the general superintendence of the chief of this bureau.

serintendence of the clair of this bureau.

Bureau of Melicine and Surpey.—Dr. William Whelan, surgeon United States navy, chief of bureau; one passed assistant surgeon United takes navy, and two clerks. Everything relating to medicines and aedical stores, treatment of sick and wounded, and management of sepitals, comes within the superintendence of this bureau.

Hon. J. B. Floyd, Secretary of War; W. B. Drinkard, chief clerk, even subordinate clerks, two messengers, and four watchmen. The ollowing bureaus are attached to this department:

Engineer Office. General Joseph G. Totten; thief engineer; assistant ptain H. G. Wright; five cierks and one massonger.

Ordnance Bureau.—Col. H. R. Craig, colonel of ordnance; ass Capt. Wm. Mayundler; eight clerks and one messenger.

OFFICERS OF THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF WASHINGTON. Woi, B. Magapder.

Mayor. — Win, B. Maggider,
Register. — Win. Morgan.
Corporation Attorney. — James M. Carlisle.
Tux Clerk. — William J. Donohoo.
Book-keeper. — Edwin J. Klopfer.
Messenger. — William Q. Locke.
Colletor. — James F. Haliday. Clerks — William Coope
and Reuben Cleary.
Surveyor. — Wm. Forsyth.

FOR MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH. Philip C. Davis, M. D., and J. B. H. Smith, First ward. Robert K. Stone, M. D., and Charles L. Coltman, Sec-

William M. Berry, M. D., and Joseph Bryan, Thirdward. William P. Johnston, M. D., and James Lawrenson, Fourth ward.

ourth ward.

J. B. Gardiner, M. D., and J. P. Ingle, Fifth ward.
F. S. Walsh, M. D., and John D. Brandt, Sixth ward.
James E. Morgan, M. D., and George Mattingly, Sev-APOTHECARIES TO TURNISH MEDICINE TO THE POOR

First ward.—David G. Ridgely. Second ward.—D. S. Dyson.
Third ward.—Valentine Harbaugh. Fourth word. - James N. Callan. Fifth ward.—J. B. Gardiner.
Sixth ward.—James O'Donnell.
Seventh ward.—D. B. Clarke.

PHYSICIANS TO THE POOR. First ward.—Philip C. Davis, M.D. Second ward.—J. W. H. Lovejoy, M.D. Third ward.—George M. Dale, M.D. Fourth ward.—John M. Toner, M.D. Fifth ward.—J. M. Grymes, M.D.
Sizth ward.—John M. Roberts, M.D.
Sesenth ward.—J. E. Willett, M.D.
Commissioner of Health.—Charles F. Force, M.D.

BOARD OF ALDERMAN.

1st ward, William T. Dove and George W. Riggs Win. F. Bayly (president) and Thos. Miller French S. Evans and Thomas Donoho. William W. Moore and John H. Goddard. John H. Houston and Edmund Barry. George R. Ruff and Robert Clarke. Peter M. Pearson and John L. Smith. -E. J. Middleton.

-Jacob Kleiber. BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL. 1st ward, Charles Abert, (president,) John B. Turton, and Robert E. Waters.
 2d "Thomas J. Fisher, William Orme, and Fertopher O'Hare. Richard-H. Clarke, James A. Kennedy, and gan Edmondson. ard F. French, William A. Mulloy, and William F. Wallace. James A. Gordon, William E. Hutchinson, and James Crandell. Thomas E. Lloyd, Robert T. Knight, and

Charles A. Polton. Secretary—William A. Kennedy: COMMISSIONERS OF IMPROVEMENTS

First district. - Joseph E. Rawlings. Second district.—Rich. B. Owens. Third district.—Stephen Coster. Fourth district.—James Espey.

Intendant of the Asylum.—John R. Queen. Commissioners.—George W. Emerson, George Mattingly, and Jacobideon. Secretary to loard commissioners.—John H.

Physician to the Asylum.-W. M. Berry, M. D. Commissioner of the castern section of canal. Joseph Cross Commissioner of the western section of canal. Wm. Wise. Scaler of weights and measures.—Hiram Richey. Inspector of fire apparatus.—John W. Martin.

CLERKS AND COMMISSIONERS OF MARKETS. Centre.—Clerk—John Waters; assistant, Joseph Lyons, commissioners—Stephen P. Franklin, Wm. Orme, and Clerk, Michael Conner; comm

Eastern.—Clerk, Michael Conner; commissioners, Francis Jenkins and George W. Johnson.

Western.—Clerk, Wm. D. Serrin; commissioners, Wm. H. Walker and Solomon Stoven.

Northern.—Clerk, George D. Spencer; commissioners,
George H. Jones and James F. Devine.

Commissioners of West Burial Ground.—Joseph Borrows and Wm. Wilson. August Miller, sexton.

Commissioners of East Burial Ground.—John D. Brandt and George W. Oyster. John O'Neale, sexton.

FOR INSPECTORS AND MEASURERS OF LUMBER. Peter Gallant, Wm. Douglass, Samuel B. Beyer, and Wm. Dunnawin.

WOOD AND GOAL MEASURERS. Thomas W. Osgodby, Joseph Z. Williams, Samuel C. Mickum, Richard Wimsatt, and John Cumberland. MEASURERS OF GRAIN, BRAN, MYC.

First district.—John Wilson. Second district.—Joseph Z. Williams. Inspector of flour and salted provisions. - Joseph Lyons. ASSESSORS.

1st district, William Riggles. 2d "John T. Stewart.
3d "J. M. Downing.
4th "William Dougles William Douglass

·· Edward Wayson ·· John H. Bird, Scavengers and sweeps not yet nominated.

POLICE MAGISTRATES. samuel Drury, first district. John D. Clark, second district. Daniel Smith, third district. Thomas C. Donn, fourth district. Patrick McKenna, fifth district. James Cull, sixth district. Daniel Rowland, seventh district.

Chief of Police. - F. A. Klopfer. POLICE CONSTABLES. Wm. Daw and John T. May, first district. William H. Fanning and Joseph Williamson,

istrict. James H. Suit and Wm. L. Ross, third district, Edward McHenry, Henry Yeatman, and B. T. Watson

H. C. Harrover, E. C. Gardiner, and R. Collins, fifth Thos. H. Robinson and Francis S. Edelin, sixth district. Jno. M. Lloyd and Joseph A. Gill, seventh district.

Episcopal High School, of Virginia, Three Miles West of Alexandria

REV. JOHN P. MCGUIRE, RECTOR. THE seventeenth session of this institution will commence on Wednesday, the 9th of September next.

1888: \$250 for board, tuition, lights, fuel, mending, &c., payable semi-annually in advance, and drawing are extra charges.

Modern longuages, music, and drawing are extra charges.

Pamphlets containing the course of study, government, terms, &c., sent to these who request them. Direct to

REV. JOHN P. McGURE,

Theological Seminary, Post Office,
Fairfax county, Virginia.

George C. Thomas, Commissioner of Deeds for all the States,

NOTARY PUBLIC. May 16-1y Seventh street, No. 490. REDEMPTION OF VIRGINIA FIVE PER CENT. STOCK.

THE holders of the following certificates of debt Issued by the State of Virginia will take notice that the "Commissioners of the Sinking Fund" will proceed on the Stat day of October, 1857, to redeem the said certificates at the treasury of the Commonwealth. The holders of said certificates are required on the said state of Colleger, 1857, to surrender the same at the office of the scoond andiof. Whether surrendered or not, the interest thereon will couse on that the control of the surrender of the same at the office of the scoond andiof.

survivorship ditto ditto

ditto
ditto
francis N. Watkin, Clement C. Read,
Jacob W. Morton, John Dupuy, Henry
E. Watkins, Thomas T. Treadway,
end Charles S. Carrington, and their
sirferors by trust, for the benefit of
the Union Theoflogical Seminary
ditto. July 10—127, Thomas Cotterili, esq., a citizen of the Critical States, at present residing at Birmingbarn, in England 1849, Feb. 6—139, William Death, of Harlow, Essex, gentle-

Birmingnam, is tangonic.

1850, June 1—142.

1854, July 10—143, George restore esq., of London.

1854, July 10—149, Thomas Cotterili, esq., a, citizen of the Finite States, at present residing as fifteningbam, in England.

STAFFORD H. PARKER, Register | GEORGE W. MUNPORD, Secretary of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

IN VIRGINA;

OFFERED FOR SALE TO THE PUBLIC IN LOTS. THIS property has been held under an act of incorporation since 1833. The chartered property then consisted of 1835 acres of hand, in Fanquier county, including the improvements thereon, and was divided into 2,500 shares, estimated in the charter at \$100 each. The subscriber having subsequently reacquired the property, sold a part thereof, and there now remain fully eleven hundred acres, together with the buildings enlarged and greatly improved. The more easily to sell such a property, and to increase its value, he has laid off the larger portion of the land into about 10,000 building lois, with convenient streets, or 60 feet width; running north and goulh, east and west, with a view to the formitation of a village or city, to be called "Warrenton Springs." These lots nearly sufround the reserved sixty-five acres, which include the Sulphur Springs and sit the continuous buildings and improvements. These sixty-five acres, also, are offered for sale, in 2,000 shares, in connexion with the lots; the whole 12,500 lots and shares being estimated at \$10 each, and when taken to be partitioned by lot; those getting the 2,500 shares will constitute the corporation under the amended charter of February 2, 1854, known as the Fanquier White Sulphur Springs Company; and those getting the respective lots will receive their deeds from Mr. Ro. Hudgin, a gentleman of the highest character and business qualifications, to whom, as trustee for the purpose, the entire property has been conveyed.

The valuation of this property by the aworn officer of the Common. THIS property has been held under an act of in

willing to risk, and the fact that so many will be interested in the success of the Springs, and its building around them, will probably double, immediately after the company is formed, the present estimate. A subscriber will, in the worst event, get a lot (of the attition universal dimensions in New York) for the sum of ten dollars. He will get a lot on which he can build, at the very fountain of health; he may reside on it for the summer reason only, or for the year. The inducements to build will be irresiable; and the fact of such buildings being erected will immeasurably enhance the value of the Springs and of the lots. There is no reason why a city of magnitude should not rise up and flourish at this place. The Rappahannock view is navigable to the spot. A very little energy would always keep the locks in repair. The Alexandria and Lyachburg railroad crosses the river about \$ or 9 miles below this land. Coal, at a cheap rate, may be unloaded from the cars into the boats. Indefinite steam power may thus be commanded at will; and the facility of transportation gives the same advantages which Lowell has for unlimited business. The railroad, afready within 6 miles, will soon extend to New Orleans, whose inhabitants may then reach these Springs in three days. As healthy a spot as any in Virginia—in an abundant region—with all these facilities why should not a city thrive and prosper here? At all events, around these healtheling in the standard of the summer season, or longer, on terms graduated by their means; and the benighant dosign of the legislature in granting the charter may be realized to the fullest extent.

This property is tendered to the public at about the value on which the taxes are paid to the State, and greatly below the original outley. The assessment was made by an intelligent public officer noway interested. Almost indefinite profits may be relied on if the pian of sale be carried out. If it be not, no one will be injured; even the small sum of ten dollars is not required to be paid until the

Norm.-1. All the streets are 60 feet wide, and run north and south,

NOTE.—1. All the streets are 60 feet wide, and run north and south, east and west.

2. Each square, in the plan, fronts 250 feet on streets running east and west, and 220 feet on streets running north and south, and (with its portion of the streets and alley) contains about two acres.

3. No payment of even the \$10 is required till it its ascertained, by the number of subscribers, that a city is to be built; in which even the value must greatly exceed the cost.

4. In the partition the 10,000 lots will be represented by tokens, with the number of supare and of but on each. These tokens will be put in the same vessel with 2,500 similar ones, marked "11 share of stock." In another vessel subscribers' names will be put, feath name repeated according to the number of shares be may have taken,) and in the drawing, as in the division of large extates among numerous heirs, each will thus have an equal chance with any other of getting a share of Spring stock, or the more lightly valued lot.

The 2,500 who get the share of stock will, for the aggregate sum of only \$25,000, get the 63 acres, including the Sulphur Spring, the buildings, (assessed as \$85,000), and the furnitar.

Those who get suitable building lots for large bettels may be still more successful, while those least fortunate will get building lots of 25 by 100 feet, that must be worth, as the population increases, much more than the cost.

3. Subscription lists and lithographic plans of the proposed city are left at most of the beoleckores and other public places in this city. The agents having them can become the representatives of the respective subscribers, and in surrendering the lists can get assurance of the deeds. The payments and the drawing are desired to be at the same time, or the subscription may be deposited in any solvent bank, to be paid to Robert Hughn on the day of partition.

Letters to the subscription in this city will receive attention from Aug 1

chronometers, and pocket timekeepers of every descriptive repaired by skillid workmen and warranted to perform accurately. Engraving of every description done in the best style, including to cutting of arms, creats, mottoes, and initials on stone. y of arms, creats, mottoes, and music so some.
Viditing and wedding cards obganity engraved and printed.

M. W. GALT & BKO.,

Jewellers, 524 Pennsylvania avenue,

30—tf Between 9th and 10th streets PROSPECTUS

# WASHINGTON UNION.

New Volume, New Types, and New Arrangements. TO THE NATIONAL DEMOCRACY OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing
the members of the great national democratic party that, having assumed the sole proprietership and editorship of the WassingreeUNION, he looks to them for that countenance, encouragement, and
support which has hitherto been extended to this time-bounced organof the democracy, and without which his labors would indeed be prof-

respect which has hitherto been extended to this time-bonoved organ of the democracy, and without which his labors would indeed be profibles.

Choice the new arrangement, the typographical appearance of the Entiro has beeft entirely changed and improved. New and beautiful type is now used in its daily semi-weakly, and weekly issues, and the paper upon which it is printed is off are extra superior quality. It is nay intention to enlarge its size, as the derivative of the necessities of the future may require; and it is my fixed propose to spare entire expense are effort to make it the great central organ of the democratic party, every way worthy of their confidence and support, and a reliable and faithful medium of communication between the capital and the Bunder. Having for many years exerted my best efforts to bring Mr. Buchaffan into the presidential chair, I shall render to him and to bis administration. All the support which party ties and personal friendship can inspire. A great of the fights of the States and the permanency of the Union—demonstrated to fife interest democracy and the patriotic people of the country that his acknowledged claims, matured wisdom, approved statesmanthip, and long experience, freely necessary to their peace and safety, and they placed him, with acclaims tons, at the head of the government and the nation. He realized at simple the pope and expectations by calling to his assistance a cabinet of men combining the rarest qualifications of talents, experience, and statesmanthip—men enderred to the democrate party by all their antecedents, by the zeal which they had rendered in some of the first honorable of the public of our party. A few weeks has sufficed to five every patriotic heart in the land with confidence and hope. Even his profitcal enemies seem to respect him. Familiam itself appears willing or a moment to moderate its tone; and the enemies of our peace, of the constitution, and the Union will not be able much longer to disturb the public mind by their functical shricks a

low as to barely cover to the control of the contro

Valuable Farm and Water-power for Sale. THE undersigned offers at private sale a very desirable farm, confatung about 350 acres. It is located at the southeast extremity of Charles county Maryland/and is bounded on the south by the Potomac river, on the cast by the Woomloo river, and on the north by a creek that evaptics its waters into the Whomloo, and at the mouth of which there is sufficient current to propel thins

and at the month of which there is sumcess current wheat, and to any desirable extent.

The lands are well adopted to the growth of corn, wheat, and to bacco; and, from the abundance of sea grass that annually floats on its shores and the quantity of shells that are on it, could be made one of the richest farms in the county. There is a superabundance of wood, and a confortable dwelling-house, kitchen, quarters, corn-louse, stables; and a large burn, all in good order. Oysters, fish, and wild food for a burning the shell of the stable shell of the stable shell communications to flatimore and the Batriet of Columbia are almost daily.

Address

JOHN HAMERSBY,

June 5—lawif

Harris Lot P. O., Charles co., Md.

COMPLETION of Panama Railroad.—Reduction

entirely reliable.

Passengers leave l'anama the same day they arrive at Aspinwall.

Conductors go through by each steamer, and take charge of women
and children without other protectors.

For through tickets at the lowest rates apply at the agency, 177

west street, New York, to

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Capital \$700,000 Charter perpetual!

A LL the profits divided amongst the policy hold-catohs, and every year. Descriptive pamphlets, blank forms of appli-cations, and every information on the subject of mutual life insurance turnished on application, without charge, personally or by mail. Agent for Washington JOHN RIGGLES, Northwest corner of Penn. avonue and 17th street. July 3-law6w

J. MIDDLETON, Ice dealer, office and depot southwest corner of F and Twelfth streets, Washington, D. C.

## For Kansas and Missouri River.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD is now running two daily trains between St. Louis and Jefferson city, connecting with the "lightning Line" of Missouri-river packets, that leaves Jefferson city daily on the arrival of the express train, carrying the mails and passengers for Boeneville, disspow, Lexington, Kansas, Leavenworth, Weston, St. Joseph, and all intermediate points.

Through from St. Louis to Kansas in 48 hours, and from 24 to 36 hours ahead of boats starting from St. Louis.

The Lightning Line packets are equal to any boats in the trade, and, being required to run on schedule time with the mails, passengers are never delayed waiting for freight at towns on their way. Through tickets can be purchased in the principal cities of the United States, or at the offices in St. Louis.

T. McKirskick,
May 22—dtf

United States Sale of Valuable Wharf Property and Lots on the Schuylkill, adjoining the Naval Asylum, Philadelphia.

the Naval Asylum, Philadelphia.

Will be sold, at public auction, on Tuesday, the first day of September next, at 10, a. m., on the premises, the United States wharf and lets, adjoining the Naval Anylum; also, those between Shippen and South streets, numbered from 1 to 29, inclusive, according to the plan, which can be seen at the effice of the navy agent and at the Asylum.

The terms of sais will be one-half cash, one-fourth in six months, and the other fourth in twelve months from the date of sale. Receipts will be given for payments, but no deads will be executed until the final payments shall be made; and all the payments to be forfeitted if the terms of the sale shall not be complied with.

The government reserves the right to fix a minimum value on each lot, below which a sale will not be made.

WM. BADEER,

July 24—wtSep1

Navy Agent, Philadelphia.

Will be published on the 25th of June THE IMPENDING CRISIS OF THE SOUTH-HOW TO MEET IT. BY HINTON ROWAN HELPER,

1 vol., 12mo, 420 pages. Price \$1. Sent free of postage on receipt of the price above.

Address
June 13-3m\*†
Publishers, 5 Spruce street, New York.

NOTICE TO ROAD CONTRACTORS.—It being the intention of the board of directors of the Washington, and WATCH Repairing and Engraving.—Watches, the intention of the board of directors of the Washington and Bockville Turnpike Company to gravel the road from the first toll-gate to its terminas at the District line, contractors are requested to address or apply to the undersigned on the subject on or before the 15th of April next.

No 30 Louisiana avenue.

J. C. LEWIS.

Feb 24—Stawif

492 Seventh street.

Splendid Schemes for August, 1857.

anador

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

payment of the authoription be made in advance.

Distant subscribers may forward us money by letter, and all risk

The COUNTRY PAPER is published tri-weekly during the

To be drawn under the superintendence, we commissioners appear by the governor. GREGORY & MAURY, MANAGERS, Wilmington, Delaware. \$62,500 1

STATE OF DELAWARE,

\$35,0001 STATE OF DELAWARE

\$35,000 2 prizes of ... 10,000 5 do ... 5,000 10 do ... 4,600 40 do ... 3,000 298 do ... 

Orders for tickets and shares and certificates of packages it have spicialish betteries will receive the most prompt attention, as count of each drawing will be sent immediately after it is over the order from me.

Address

P. J. BUCKEY, Agent,

Brilliant Schemes for September, 1857.

Wilmington, Delaware. he superintendence of con-by the governor. \$40,0001

Class 195, for 1857. To be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, Sept. 5, 1857. 78 number lottery—12 drawn ballots. 

\$50,000!

STATE OF DELAWARE. 75 number lottery—14 drawn bi

1 do 4,000 | &c. &c. &c.
Tickets \$16—inalves \$7 50—quarters \$3 75—eighths \$1 87 ½.
Certificates of packages of 25 whole tickets. \$180 00
Do do 25 haif do 90 00
Do do 25 quarter do 45 00
Do do 25 quarter do 45 00
Do do 25 eighth 49 22 50 \$35,133 ! stery for the benefit of the STATE OF DELAWARE,

Class 297, for 1857.

To be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, Sept. 19, 1857. prize of \$35,133 20 prizes of ...
prizes of \$4,000 each are \$60,000 30 do ...
do 2,000 129 do ...
do 1,500 &c. &c. Tickets \$10—linives \$5—quarters \$2 50.
packages of 25 whole tickets.

\$65,000 1

STATE OF DELAWARE, Class S, for 1857. 78 number lottery-14 drawn ballo &c. &c. &c. Tickets \$20—halves \$10—quarters \$5—eighths \$2 50.

Orders for tickets and shares and certificates of packages in the om me.

P. J. BUCKLEY, Agent,

INo. 584.1 Notice Of the Removal of the Land Office from Osibwa to Otter

TAIL CITY, in the Territory of Minnesota. TAIL CITY, in the Territory of Minnesota.

In ACCORDANCE with the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act authorizing changes in the location of and offices," approved 3d March, 1853, it is hereby declared and made known that the office for the "Northwestern District" in the Territory of Minnesota will be removed from the town of Olinava to other Tail City, in said Territory, at as early a period at principable. Further notice as to the price size time of removal will be issued by the register and receiver for said district. Given under my hand, at the cuty of Washington, this 18th day of August, A. D. 1857.

By order of the President:

THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

By order of the President:

THOS. A. HENDRICKS,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.
[Intel & Star.]

BANKING HOUSE OF CHUBB BROTHERS, Washington, January 1, 1857 TOHN D. BARROW and HENRY HOLMES are OHN D. BARKOW and BEART HOLDES are this day admitted as partitioners in the Banking House of Cleubb Brothers. The firm from this date will be composed of Chass. S. J. Chubb, John D. Barrow, and Henry Holmes. The House in Davenport, lowe, is composed of Charles St. J. Chulb, Wm. H. Dougal, and Alexander H. Barrow, under the firm of Chubb Brothers, Earrow, & Co.

Jan 1—dif

GENERAL WESTERN LAND OFFICE,-Fill-more, Osborn, & Co., corner Main and Second streets, (up ENERAL WESTERN LAND OFFICE,—Fillmers, obserts, to corner Main and Second streets, (up stairs,) nearly opposite the Julien House, bubuque, lows, throom, obserts, & Co., 36 Clark street, Chicago, Illinois; Broom, Hissey, & Co., Keckuk, Iowa, real estate agents, atoka and exchange brofxers, will give their prompt attention to the sale of real estate, stocks, and bonds; loans negotiated; money invested; locating lands, either with each or warrants. Will locate on time, joint account, or on commission.

Every location is: made from personal examinations only. Taxes gaid, &c., &c., &c. N. R.—All property left with us for sale will, if required, be placed upon our registers at Chicago and Keckuk, as well as here, giving the effect three markets. Correspondence solicited.

Ap 28—d3m

RIFLED ORDNANCE; a practical treatise. 1 PIFLED ORDINANCE; a practical treatise. I vol. London. 1857.
A frontise on Fire Arms. By Lieut. Simons, Bengal Artillery. 1 vol. London. 1857.
Memorks on Gunnery. By Capt. Blakely, Royal Artillery. 1 vol. London. 1857.
Remarks on Gunnery. By Capt. Blakely, Royal Artillery. 1 vol. London. 1857.
Artillersk's Manual. By Major Griffiths, Royal Artillery. 7th edition. London. 1857.
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The Bengal Artillery, from its formation. Ry Capt. Buckle. 1 vol. London. Alde-Memoire, a l'usage des officiers d'artillerie. 1 vol. Paris. Rille Practice. By Lieut. Colonel Jacob, Bombay Artillery. 1 vol. Aconstruction et la Fabrication des Armes a Feu. Par le Colonel Homèlius. 1 vol. Paris. L'Organization de l'Artillerie. Par Le Bourg, Lieut. Col. d'Artillerie. vol. Paris. Page. Theorie du Pointage. 1 vol. Strasbourg. Les Officiers d'Artillerie dans les Fonderies. I vol. and stlas.

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Naval Gunnery. By Sir Howard Douglas. 1 vol. Lendon.
PRANCK TAYLOR.

Paris.

Traine sur l'Artillerie. Par le General Scharnborat. 2 vols. Paris.

Etudos sur l'Artillerie. Par l'Empereur Louis Napoleon. 2 vols.